NUMB. 331

# The Daily Gazetteer.

MONDAY, JULY 19. 1736. Nº 331.

…tter III. *from* Rica *the* Perſian, *to his Countryman* Ali-Beg.

HOU knoweſt, my dear *Ali*, that a ſincere Deſire of being ſerviceable to our Sublime Sophi, and my Country, was the principal View of my undertaking ſo dangerous a Voyage. The Pattern that I propoſe to myſelf, was the induſtrious Activity of the Bee, which not only traverſes the …rdens, but the Fields and Meadows too, for the …terials and Proviſions neceſſary for its little Repub…. Till I am able to come myſelf, and give thee an …ct Account of all the Diſcoveries that I have made …heſe Infidel Countries, and of the Knowledge which …ave acquired, I hope that my Letters, which ſhall …eafter be more frequent, will prove to thee, that I …ays keep this principal Object in View. As for the …, my moſt tender and valuable Intereſts are in thy …nds; for when I ſet out, I left my Eſtate, my …ves, my Slaves, and my Fortune intirely to thy …e and Direction, flattering myſelf, that thou …uldſt take every Opportunity to make the Miniſters …ur Sovereign Monarch acquainted with the fervent …l which thou knoweſt I have for his Service. In …er to enable thee to do this more effectually, I ſend …e a Fragment, which cannot but be infinitely agree…e to them, at leaſt, if they look upon it in the ſame …ht as I do, and if they ſincerely deſire, as no doubt …y do, to ſee our young Sophi like his Grandfather …great and immortal Schach Abbas; that is to ſay, a …ereign adored by all his Subjects, reſpected by his …ghbours, and eſteemed by all Foreigners. This …gment contains the important Advices which Charles …g of Sweden left on his Death-bed to his Son Guſ…s Adolphus II. and of which that young Prince …le ſo good a Uſe, that he juſtly acquired the Sur…e of GREAT, by his Valour as well as by his Ex…ence in War and in Politicks.

MAXIMS * for the Inſtruction of a Prince.

…. A Crown is a very heavy Burden, if the faithful …nts of the Prince who wears it, and the Love of his …ple, do not ſuſtain one Part of it, and his own Vir… the other.

II. He ought never to have that done by his Mini… and Officers, which he can do with Decency him…

III. Let him ſee and hear every Thing himſelf; and …is own Wiſdom and Goodneſs provide for every …ng the Remedy.

IV. Let him have none for his Confidents but Men …are wiſe, diſintereſted, and wealthy.

V. Let Men of Abilities take the Tour of Europe …y Year, to find out ſuch Perſons for his Service, …re moſt eminent in all ſorts of Profeſſions.

VI. Let him learn ſeveral Languages, in order to be …better acquainted with the ſeveral Nations, and to … their Affections.

VII. Let him take Pains to form his Judgment by …Arts and Sciences, and all neceſſary Knowledge, in …r that he may be able, upon all Occaſions, to di…guiſh that which is true, juſt, and ſolid, from that …h is falſe, unjuſt, and plauſible.

VIII. Let him endeavour, by his good Nature, …manity, and Affability, to acquire the Goodwill of …Mankind, and the Hearts of his Subjects.

IX. Let his Countenance be open, and his Boſom …; and let his Behaviour in all his Actions appear …ſiſtent with his Dignity.

X. If the Predeceſſor of the Prince, or himſelf, has, …certain unhappy Conjunctures, been relax in the Obſervation of the Laws, or of good Order in his Dominions, let him not heſitate to reſtore them to their former Luſtre, as ſoon as poſſible; ſince nobody has a Right to cenſure him for his ſubjecting both Men and Things to the Laws of the Country.

XI. Let him make uſe of all the Wiſdom and Prudence that is poſſible, neither to deceive nor be deceived.

XII. That he may be able to reduce and ſubject Rebels and Tyrants, let him begin with a Conqueſt of his own Paſſions.

XIII. Let him not be ſhock'd by Labour and Pains at his firſt ſetting out, but accuſtom himſelf to it by degrees; for beſides the Time which he ſets apart for the Adminiſtration of State Affairs, he will have enough to unbend his Mind to honeſt Diverſions.

XIV. Let his Dominions be the Refuge and Aſylum of oppreſſed Princes, and let his Sword and his Valour have the Glory and Advantage of reſtoring them to their Grandeur.

XV. He muſt help the Widow and ſuccour the Orphan: Both the one and the other have a Right to expect from the Goodneſs and Juſtice of their Sovereign, that he will not ſuffer them to be oppreſſed in their unhappy Condition.

XVI. When either good or ill Offices are done to a Man, by way of admoniſhing a Prince, what Perſons he ought to eſteem, and whom to ſuſpect, let the Prince carefully examine whether ſuch Admonition ſprings from a Principle of Hatred or of Friendſhip, or from a diſintereſted Motive of ſerving the Prince; becauſe the Court and thoſe who frequent it, are commonly full of Envy, Suſpicions, and Artifice.

XVII. Let him know, that the ſhedding of innocent Blood, and the ſaving of the Guilty, call equally aloud for Vengeance from Heaven.

XVIII. He muſt mortify the Proud and the Inſolent, and encourage thoſe that are humble and modeſt.

XIX. He ought always to remember, that 'tis altogether as important for the Preſervation and Maintenance of his Government, to puniſh Faults as to reward Merit.

XX. Let his Liberality never extend to Profuſion, and let his Favours be always diſtributed with Judgment and Moderation.

XXI. Let him look upon Flatterers with as much Averſion and Scorn as Traitors; let him conſider the Idle and the Indolent as dead Men in Society, and let him treat the Factious and Lyars with Scorn.

XXII. Let his Beneficence be attended with a Familiarity ſo circumſcrib'd as to impreſs Love and Reſpect; and let his Wrath, when he is obliged to give vent to it, ſtrike Terror and procure Amendment, by taking heed that he puniſh Vice rather than the Vicious.

XXIII. He ought never to ſeem uneaſy or chagrin'd, unleſs when any of his good Servants dies, or commits ſome great Error.

XXIV. Let him excuſe and pardon a Fault, rather than Flattery.

XXV. Let him be acceſſible and affable without Reſentment, and without Gall.

XXVI. May the Truth penetrate to his Ears, and be received in the moſt ſecret and retired Places of his Palace, from which the Generality of Princes often ſuffer it to be baniſhed: Nay, there ought to be Rewards ready for any of his Subjects whatſoever, who has the Courage to repreſent it ſtrongly to his Sovereign with all the Reſpect due to Majeſty.

XXVII. Let him at the ſame time that he ſhews his Diſpleaſure, be ſo dextrous as to remove the Rancour in the Hearts of his People, made uneaſy by Taxes and Impoſts, who if they only contribute to the Exigencies of the State, and the publick Neceſſity, will do it without murmuring.

XXVIII. Let not a Foreigner be diſcouraged, either in his Court or his Armies; but let him be regarded, though with ſome ſort of Difference from the Prince's natural born Subjects.

XXIX. Let a chaſte Marriage Bed be the Sweetner of thoſe bitter Potions which are inſeparable from Humanity, and eſpecially from Royalty.

XXX. Let him beg of Heaven that he may have virtuous Children, or rather none at all.

XXXI. Let him truſt the Government of his Provinces, and particularly of thoſe that are newly conquered, to ſuch Perſons only as have clean Hands, and are eaſy of Acceſs.

XXXII. Finally, let him ſo behave in all his Actions, that he may be upon Earth a true Image of the Deity, by giving all Mankind certain and impartial Marks of his Probity and Paternal Love for his People, whoſe Hearts, if he gains, he poſſeſſes the moſt precious of all Treaſures.

Such as theſe, my Dear *Ali*, are the Maxims which have formed one and the ſame Prince to be a Hero, a Conqueror, a Philoſopher, and one of the beſt Kings that ever appeared in the North, and whoſe Memory will be for ever bleſſed. The Uncircumciſed do us the Honour of aſcribing a Wiſdom to us, far ſuperior to all Nations; and with Admiration do they quote our Sentences, our Apophthegms, and our Adages. I ſee them, methinks, making great Exclamations, when I tell them, that *Sabeh* the Son of *Ibad*, the Grand Vizier of two of our Kings of the Race of *Bajezet*, was ſo much in Love with Wiſdom, that he had always in his Retinue, and even in ſuch Campaigns as he was obliged to make, 400 Camels laden with Books of Philoſophy: But, perhaps, if *Sabeh* had cauſed the Quinteſſence of that prodigious Quantity of Volumes to be extracted, he would not have been able to have pick'd out 32 ſuch exquiſite Maxims as thoſe of King *Charles* to his Son *Guſtavus*.

I cannot deny one thing which does not make much for our Honour. The *Europeans* puſh the Sciences, both in Theory and Practice, much farther than we do. They have eſpecially ſuch Principles both in Ethicks and Politicks, as are worthy of the ſacred Mouth of our great Prophet *Aly-Riza*, who during his Stay on Earth, was the ſpeaking Trumpet which God made uſe of to diſcover Truth to the Human Race. But on the other hand, we find among the *Europeans* a deteſtable Sect of Philoſophers, who trampling under Feet the Sentiments which we conceive of God and Nature, are for making no other Uſe of Probity and Religion, than to impoſe upon others, and the more ſurely to compaſs their own Ends.

For Inſtance: I could not hold trembling, when I read a certain Book * which by Misfortune moſt Sovereigns and their Miniſters make their Study and the Rule of their Conduct. I there read, with Abhorrence, 'That a Prince neither can nor ought to keep the 'Faith which he has ſworn, when 'tis contrary to his 'Intereſts; that he ought to put on the Appearance of 'Good, Juſt, Humane, Religious; but that he might 'only have the Outſide or Bark of all thoſe Virtues, 'which would do him a Prejudice if he poſſeſſed them 'in reality, becauſe he ought to be always ready, when 'it proves for his Advantage, to act contrary to his 'Faith, to Charity, to Humanity, and to Religion.'

May they for ever periſh, and be a thouſand Times more accurſed than *Omar*, who endeavour to propagate thoſe deteſtable Precepts in the World, which tend only to render Sovereigns hateful Tyrants, while they ought to be the Father of their People.

* *The Prince* de Machiavel, *Cap.* xviii, &c.

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* *They are taken from the Memoirs of the Count d'An…ſme, which are in the Library of the moſt Chriſtian …. This Count was Ambaſſador from France to Vienna …621; and at that Time Guſtavus Adolphus, who was …9 Years of Age, was already looked upon as invincible …e Muſcovites, the Danes, and the Poles, and formidable to all the reſt of Europe.*

## LONDON.

*Yeſterday arrived the Mails due from* Holland, France, *and* Flanders, *but brought little material that can be depended upon.*

On the 10th Inſtant 9 Dutch Eaſt India Ships enter'd the Texel from Batavia and Bengal, of which 7 are for the Chamber of Amſterdam; and 6 others of that Company's Ships from the ſame Places, are turned into the Maeſe and Zeland when the Packet Boat came off.

They write from Petersburg, that they have a Confirmation of Kouli Kan's being proclaimed King of Perſia. They add, that the Kan Donduck Ombo, after having defeated 5000 Families of Tartars near the River of Cuban, was joined by ſeveral Princes of Cubardia, and ſome Coſſacks of Tanais and Terki, and made a farther Progreſs into the Country, where about 10,000 Families of the Cuban Tartars were come to ſubmit to the Czarina, on Condition that ſhe will not ſuffer them any more to fall under the Power of the Turks; and that 15,000 of theſe Tartars armed, had

joined the Kan Donduck Ombo, to assist him in the Conquest of the rest of Cuban.

The Dyet of Poland is come to a happy Conclusion, at a Time when great Divisions were expected; and Te Deum has been thereupon sung at Warsaw, in Presence of the King, the Senate, and the Equestrian Order, accompanied by a triple Salvo of the Cannon, and the Flourishes of Trumpets and Kettle Drums.

The Princess Victoria de Soissons, Niece to the late Prince Eugene, is arrived at Vienna, and on the 30th of June they began to celebrate that Prince's Funeral Obsequies.

A Ship is arrived at Lisbon, in 90 Days from All-Saints Bay in Brazil, with Advice, that the Governor of Buenos Ayres, at the Head of 1000 Spaniards, and a great Number of Indians, did, on the 23d of December last, attack the Fort of Nova Colonia, or the Isle of St. Sacrament, and actually made a Breach in it; but that 'twas hoped that as the Fort was of Stone, and regularly fortified, it would hold out long enough to give Time for its being relieved by 4 or 5 Men of War sent thither from Rio de Janeiro, with 2000 Land Soldiers, and by other Troops that are marching to its Assistance from several Parts of Brazil.

They write from Italy, that the Count de Khevenhuller having sent one of his Adjutants to desire the Duke de Montemar to evacuate Tuscany, the Duke received him very kindly, gave him a grand Supper, and made a fine Ball for him, at which a great Number of Ladies and Gentlemen, besides Officers, were present, and next Day treated him with a splendid Dinner; but when that was ended, he told him, that he would evacuate Tuscany when he had Orders from the King his Master. Mean time 'tis said, the Duke has ordered a new Opera to be got up at Pisa, which looks as if he thought he should not go away in Haste. Neither the Affairs of Lombardy, nor those of the Emperor with the King of Sardinia, are as yet accommodated.

M. de St. Hilaire, one of the Lieutenant Generals of the French Forces, and Lieutenant General of the Ordnance, is dead at Paris.

Last Saturday Morning died, after a very long Illness of the Gout in his Stomach, at his House in Duke-street, Westminster, the Right Hon. Nicholas Leak, Earl of Scarsdale, who dying without Issue, the Title is extinct, and his Estate of 7000 l. per Annum goes to his only Sister, who is yet unmarried.

Last-Friday his Majesty's Ship the Salisbury, Capt. Falkingham, arrived in the River from Lisbon; and we hear the said Ship is to be laid up, and her Company paid off.

John Marshal of the City of Norwich, Gent. was lately appointed and sworn into the Office of Master Extraordinary in his Majesty's high Court of Chancery.

On Saturday Thomas Smith, a Barber at Brentford, was drowned, as he was bathing himself in the River Thames.

Also the same Day a Boy was unfortunately drowned as he was washing himself in the Thames near Millbank. He was the Son of a Serjeant of the Guards.

The same Day John Kemp of Guilford in the County of Surry, kissed her Majesty's Hand at Kensington, for a Lieutenancy in her Majesty's Royal Regiment of Horse.

On Saturday last James Manners was tried before the Justices of the Peace for the City and Liberty of Westminster, on an Indictment for a Fraud for selling to Mrs. Sergeant a Quantity of Lead and Pewter Shavings mixed with Silver burnt Lace, warranting it to be Silver; and the Fact being plainly proved, the Jury found him guilty, and the Court fined him 13 s. 4 d. to be imprisoned for two Months, and to find Sureties for his good Behaviour for one Year.

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## BANKRUPTS.

George Bent, of St. Leonard's, Shoreditch, in the County of Middlesex, Victualler and Chapman.

John Brereton, late of the City of Chester, Innholder and Vintner.

Elizabeth Lee, late of Steward-street in the old Artillery Ground, in the Liberty of the Tower of London, Widow, Weaver and Chapman.

Mules Roberts, of the Borough of Leicester, in the County of Leicester, Hosier.

Richard Bacon, the Elder, late of Markefield, in the County of Leicester, Grocer and Chapman.

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Saturday Bank Stock was 149 3-4ths to 7-8ths. India 178. South Sea 99 7-8ths. Old Annuity 114 to 1-8th. New ditto, 113 1-half to 5-8ths. Three per Cent. 105 1-4th. Emperor's Loan 115 3-4ths Royal-Assurance 111. London-Assurance 14 5-8ths to 3-4ths. York Buildings 2. African 16. India Bonds 61. 17 s. to 19 s. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 5 l. 14 s. to 15 s. Premium. South Sea Bonds 5 l. 10 s. Prem. New Bank Circulation 7 l. 7 s. 6 d. Premium. Salt Tallies 3 3-4ths to 6 Prem. English Copper 21. 6 s. Welsh ditto, no Price. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 6 5-8ths per Cent. Prem. Million Bank 115 1 half.

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Excise-Office, London, July 16, 1736.

By Order of the Hon. the Commissioners of Excise,

*ON Thursday the 22d of this Instant July, will be exposed to Sale in their Court Room in the Old Jury, at 3 of the Clock in the Afternoon, several Parcels of condemn'd Bohea and Green Tea, Coffee Chocolate, Brandy, Rum, Geneva, Cordial Waters, Soap, and Starch; which may be viewed on Tuesday and Wednesday the 20th and 21st Instant, at the Excise Office, and at the Warehouses near the Custom-House, from 9 to 12 in the Morning, and from 2 to 5 in the Afternoon, and on the Day of Sale from 9 to 12 in the Forenoon.*

*Printed Allotments of the Particulars will be delivered at the said Office on Tuesday the 20th Instant.*

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**This Day is Published,**

A Vindication of the Assembly's Shorter Catechism revised. Containing an Answer to the Remarks upon it, particular Reasons for the Alterations; with a proper Reply to Mr. David Ree's free and sober Enquiry.

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1. The Assembly's shorter Catechism revised, and rendered fitter for general Use. Pr. 6 d.
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This Volume consists of above Seventy scarce and curious TRACTS; among which are contain'd,

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4. A Short View of the long Life and Reign of *Henry* III. By Sir *Robert Cotton*.
5. The Danger wherein the Kingdom now standeth, and the Remedy. By the same Hand. 1628.
6. *Vox Civitatis*; or, *London's* Complaint. 1625.
7. Protest of the House of Commons (in 1604) against certain Infringements of the Court, *&c.* MS.
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9. A most notable Speech concerning the other House. *March* 1659.
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11. The last Will of *George Fox*.
12. *William Lithgow's* Account of his inhuman Racking by the *Spaniards* at *Malaga*, in 1620.
13. Count *Gondomar's* Transactions, during his Embassy in *England*, 1620.
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17. The Anatomy of the *English* Nunnery at *Lisbon*. 1622.
18. The Life of *Henry Welby*, who liv'd at his House in *Grubstreet* 44 Years, and in that Space was never seen by any. And there died the 29th of October, 1636, aged 84.
19. A true Historical Relation of King *Richard* the 2d's wonder-working Parliament.
20. The End and Confession of *John Felton*; also of *Thomas* and *Christopher Norton*, executed 1570.
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22. *Robert* Earl of *Essex's* Ghost, 1624.
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25. A Narrative of *Anne Jefferies*, who was fed 6 Months by Fairies.

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N. B. None of these Pieces were ever printed before, but the Original Manuscripts in his Lordship's Hand-writing may be seen at T. Woodward's.

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WHich, to the Surprize of all that take it, cures all Degrees of the Venereal Disease; it speedily removes Pains in the Head, Arms, or Legs, takes away the Running, Cordee, Heat of Urine, Soreness and Inflamation of the Parts, or any old Gleets, tho' of many Years standing; it perfectly cures, without Hindrance of Business, or Confinement in Hour; nay, if you have Nodes, tumified Testicles, Pockey Warts, Buboes Shankers, Phymoses, Paraphymoses, Ulcers in the Mouth, Nose, Throat, or Palate, or, if you are broke out in Scabs and Blotches from Head to Foot, in a short Time you will be well, two or three being sufficient when the Distemper is green or fresh contracted; but if it has been long on the Patient, or in the Blood, a few more is required for a Cure; there is but one in a Dose, no bigger than a small Pea, having neither Taste or Smell, and are sold at so easy a Price, as only Two Shillings each. They are likewise put up in Boxes of a Guinea, and half a Guinea Price, being sufficient in the worst of Cases.

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Attendance is given every Day by the Author, a graduate Physician, who liveth at the Blue Ball in Hand-court, over-against Great Turnstile, Holborn.

*Advice GRATIS.*



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